Exhibit 13

Docket No. 7497

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2	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
3	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
4	Case No. 12-12020-mg
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6	In the Matter of:
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8	RESIDENTIAL CAPITAL, LLC, et al.,
9	
10	Debtors.
11	
12	x
13	
14	United States Bankruptcy Court
15	One Bowling Green
16	New York, New York
17	
18	August 26, 2014
19	10:01 AM
20	
21	BEFORE:
22	HON. MARTIN GLENN
23	U.S. BANKRUPTCY JUDGE
24	
25	
	od milhora - TTG (000) (00 0000
	eScribers, LLC (973) 406-2250

(CC: Doc# 7208) Adjourned Hearing RE: ResCap Borrower Claims Trust's Objection to Claim Numbers 283, 1353, 1696, 4692 and 6281 Filed by Patrick Lorne Farrell (Doc# 7258)Adjourned Hearing RE: Ally Financial Inc.'s Renewed Motion for Entry of an Order Imposing Sanctions (related document 7148) (Doc# 7306) Hearing RE: ResCap Liquidating Trust's Motion to Extend the Date by Which Objections to Claims Must be Filed (Doc# 7305) Hearing RE: Motion for Omnibus Objection to Claims/Notice of ResCap Liquidating Trust's Seventy-First Omnibus Objection to Claims (No Liability Claims) filed by Douglas Mannal of behalf of ResCap Liquidating Trust (Doc# 7221)Adjourned Hearing RE: Motion for Objection to Claim Number 2024/Notice of Objection of the ResCap Borrower Claims Trust to Claim Number 2024 Filed by Irene Schmidt

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    (Doc# 7188)Adjourned Hearing RE: Motion for Omnibus Objection
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    to Claims/ResCap Borrower Claims Trust's Sixty-Ninth Omnibus
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    Objection to Claims (No Liability Borrower Claims)
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    Transcribed by: Hana Copperman
21
    eScribers, LLC
    700 West 192nd Street, Suite #607
22
23
    New York, NY 10040
24
    (973)406-2250
25
    operations@escribers.net
```

1 2 APPEARANCES: MORRISON & FOERSTER LLP 3 4 Attorneys for Post-Effective Date Debtors, 5 ResCap Liquidating Trust and ResCap Borrower 6 Claims Trust 7 250 West 55th Street 8 New York, NY 10019 9 10 BY: NORMAN S. ROSENBAUM, ESQ. 11 CRAIG A. DAMAST, ESQ. 12 13 14 KRAMER LEVIN NAFTALIS & FRANKEL LLP 15 Attorneys for ResCap Liquidating Trust 16 1177 Avenue of the Americas 17 New York, NY 10036 18 19 BY: JOSEPH A. SHIFER, ESQ. 20 21 22 23 24 25

KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP Attorneys for Ally Financial, Inc. and Ally Bank 300 North LaSalle Chicago, IL 60654 BY: JUSTIN R. BERNBROCK, ESQ. POLSINELLI PC Attorneys for ResCap Borrower Claims Trust 900 Third Avenue 21st Floor New York, NY 10022 BY: DAN FLANIGAN, ESQ. EDWARD TOBIAS, Party Pro Se eScribers, LLC | (973) 406-2250

operations@escribers.net | www.escribers.net

1	
2	BRADLEY ARANT BOULT CUMMINGS LLP
3	Special Litigation and Compliance Counsel for the Debtors
4	Bank of America Corporate Center
5	100 N. Tryon Street
6	Suite 2690
7	Charlotte, NC 28202
8	
9	BY: CHRISTY W. HANCOCK, ESQ. (TELEPHONICALLY)
10	
11	
12	BURR & FORMAN LLP
13	Attorneys for Synovus Mortgage Corporation
14	420 North 20th Street
15	Suite 3400
16	Birmingham, AL 35203
17	
18	BY: VICTOR HAYSLIP, ESQ. (TELEPHONICALLY)
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
	eScribers, LLC (973) 406-2250 operations@escribers.net www.escribers.net

PALMER, LOMBARDI, & DONAHUE LLP Attorneys for Mortgage Investors Group, Inc. 515 South Flower Street #2100 Los Angeles, CA 90071 BY: ROLAND P. REYNOLDS, ESQ. (TELEPHONICALLY) ALSO APPEARING (TELEPHONICALLY): GREG W. CHAMBERS, ESQ., American Mortgage Law Group, P.C. PATRICK FARRELL, Party Pro Se NANCY K. LAYNE, Party Pro Se MICHAEL MCGUINTY, Party Pro Se JULIO PICHARDO, Party Pro Se JOHN E. SATTERWHITE, JR., Party Pro Se TIA D. SMITH, Party Pro Se

PROCEEDINGS 1 2 THE COURT: All right. Please be seated. We're here in Residential Capital, number 12-12020. 3 Mr. Rosenbaum? 4 MR. ROSENBAUM: Good morning, Your Honor. Norm 5 6 Rosenbaum, Morrison & Foerster, for the ResCap Borrower Claims 7 Trust and the ResCap Liquidating Trust. Your Honor, the first matter on the agenda is at page 8 7, III. It's the objection to the claim of Mr. Farrell. 9 10 THE COURT: All right. Go ahead. Mr. Farrell, are you on the phone? 11 12 MR. FARRELL: Yes, I am. 13 THE COURT: Thank you very much. 14 MR. FARRELL: Good morning. 15 THE COURT: Good morning. Go ahead, Mr. Rosenbaum. MR. ROSENBAUM: Your Honor, this is an objection to 16 17 several proofs of claim filed by Mr. Farrell, claims number 283, 1353, 1696, 4692, and 6281. I would add that these claims 18 19 came in both official and unofficial forms, but they were each docketed by KCC's claims. 20 21 The objection is supported by the declaration of 22 Lauren Delehey, a litigation counsel at the ResCap Liquidating 23 Trust. And also with us today on the phone is Christy Hancock 24 of Bradley Arant as cocounsel.

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For the reasons that we've set forth both in the

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objection and our reply that was filed at docket number 7409 we believe that Mr. Farrell has not satisfied his burdens and each of the claims should be dismissed with prejudice.

Your Honor, we laid out the facts in both the objection and the reply. I'm happy to walk through them if Your Honor has any specific question as to those facts.

THE COURT: Let me hear from Mr. Farrell.

Okay. Mr. Farrell, go ahead.

MR. FARRELL: Well, Your Honor, this case is ten years old, and I've got a speech here of about ten minutes. Is that okay? But aft --

THE COURT: No, I'm not going to let you go on for ten minutes, but go on. Let me hear your arguments.

MR. FARRELL: Okay. I'm seeking payment of my 400,000 dollar UCC-1 lien, because I was a victim of mortgage fraud and suffered a needless seven-year foreclosure case by GMAC in retaliation for stating the truth, the facts, and the law. The law says triple my 100,000 dollars of cost to build this home and add fees, and that's 400,000.

In 2004 I began the process by depositing 20,000 dollars with Busey Bank. In 2005 that 20,000 dollars was stolen at the closing table by Countrywide. At the closing table I was told the 20,000 was for other costs that came up, which is fraud, that my house was appraised for 465,000 dollars for a 280,000 dollar note, which is fraud in the inducement,

that if I did not sign the papers they would sell my home to 1 2 another, which is duress. Fraudvitiates a contract per UCC Section 3-305. 3 4 In 2006 the --THE COURT: Mr. Farrell? 5 6 MR. FARRELL: --Leibowitz case --7 THE COURT: Mr. Farrell? MR. FARRELL: --that I submitted that they're talking 8 about here in Florida. 9 10 THE COURT: Mr. Farrell, let me just interrupt you. Mr. Farrell, let me --11 12 MR. FARRELL: Mart Leibowitz was granted money damages and awarded sanctions for fraudulent signing of affidavits of 13 14 indebtedness by GMAC, who was told to cease and desist from doing this in the future, but they ignored the court order and 15 16 continued, especially against me. 17 In 2007 GMAC illegally increased my payments of 2,000 a month to 2,700. Then I filed a lawsuit in November, 2007 18 19 asking for the return of my hundred thousand dollars and GMAC refused. 20 21 In December, 2007 GMAC filed foreclosure knowing of my 22 TILA, RESPA, and other fraud claims without any note or 23 mortgage or assignment and with a lost note affidavit. That 24 right there voids standing, as the note was never in their

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hands or the Trust.

In April of 2008 GMAC made a false assignment of mortgage, and held onto it till they got a note.

In November, 2008, a year after they filed their case, GMAC mysteriously found the formerly lost note and filed a note, the assignment into the case.

In January, 2009, which is thirteen months after the case was filed, both documents were made by infamous rebel signer Jeffrey Stephan three years after the Trust closed, thereby voiding standing. Period. And just recently the Second and Fourth District Court of Appeals here in Florida repeatedly reversing and remanding summary judgments of foreclosure for the reasons that I've been stating for years: lack of standing due to the longstanding principle of not having the necessary papers to show status as owner and holder in due course, not just the holder, of both the note and the mortgage. Four concerns, and all of them ignored by GMAC.

Summarily, Your Honor, that says it all, voiding a seven-year dispute. Here in Florida the Courts of Appeals have recently reversed for lack of standing several cases. In September of 2013 you got Deborah Focht v. Wells Fargo. In July of 2014 you got LaFrance v. U.S. Bank, noting Focht. July of 2014, Olivera v. Bank of America, noting Focht. And August of 2014, just a few days ago, Benzv. Federal Home Loan 2013-974, noting Focht again.

Obviously the tide has turned in favor of Florida law

instead of New York Wall Street fraud. The Courts simply are saying that these cases filed without proper papers get reversed, and so it means that it -- the foreclosure case is completely unnecessary.

I mean, I could keep going, but I, you know, I've been a whistleblower for years, and I've successfully stated facts. In 1997 I filed a qui tam against the Hare Krishna cult that cost them 25 million dollars, and I put several people in jail, and I was awarded a 40,000 dollar spine surgery by a man named Howard Solomon of Humana provided that I drop my federal lawsuit, which I did.

And on the day Obama took office I filed a forty-fourpage racketeering lawsuit qui tam against the United States

Congress and the Treasury and the banks and the State of

Florida, and I was right about everything concerning bank fraud
and foreclosures. In 2010 the United States Attorney's office
used that qui tam and made their own qui tam with Lynn

Szymoniak versus all the banks and stated summarily that 3,500

trusts, including the trust that I'm involved with, were empty.

They had -- the notes and mortgages were not put into the

trusts properly, and she was awarded eighteen million dollars

for her claims, which are the exact same as mine years after,
and I'm only asking for 400,000 dollars.

Counsel's argument uses MERS v. Azize from 2007, which is mentioned on page 6 of the Florida Foreclosure Bench Book of

2010, and all those cases have been overturned by the Florida Supreme Court with Rule 1.110(b) and Florida statute 702.105, requiring verification and current case law in the DCA.

The 7,128 dollars mentioned came from GMAC, not me.

They said that there was an overage of escrow, and they were to return it to me. That came from them, not me. The 20,000 dollar difference on the two banknotes is clear. It's simple fraud.

Ocwen bought GMAC's paper for three cents on the dollar of a 300,000 dollar note, or 9,000 dollars, which is only names and account numbers, not equity, and they're trying to say a debt of 450,000 dollars exists, all based on fraud in a home worth 200,000 dollars.

THE COURT: Mr. Farrell, let me ask you this. As I understand it, Pinnacle Financial Corporation originated your mortgage in October of 2005. Am I correct on that?

MR. FARRELL: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And it was my understanding -- it is my understanding that GMAC began servicing the loan in March, 2006.

MR. FARRELL: Correct.

THE COURT: So part of what you're complaining about relates to the origination of your loan. On what basis do you believe you have origination claims against GMAC when the loan was originated by Pinnacle Financial Corp.?

MR. FARRELL: Well, it appears that Countrywide was the -- Pinnacle was a strawman lender for Countrywide, which I started paying immediately for about six months. And it's my understanding that either successor to liability or the fact that what --it appears that Countrywide never forwarded the loans into the Trust according to Linda DeMartini, who is a whistleblower, who a few years ago said this, that the loans never went into the Trusts, and the fact that these assignment of mortgagor years after the Trust closed proves that, along with the attorney general's lawsuit. If the loan never went into the Trust GMAC has no right to simply take names and account numbers and claim that it's in the Trust and then take mortgage payments.

THE COURT: Mr. Farrell?

MR. FARRELL: And file a foreclosure.

THE COURT: Mr. Farrell, there's no relationship between Countrywide and any of the debtors. If you're saying that Pinnacle originated the loan somehow for the benefit of Countrywide, how do you connect any of the debtors to that?

MR. FARRELL: Well, I was making -- my first payment went to Pinnacle. Then I paid Countrywide for about five or six months, and then GMAC sent me a letter saying to pay them from now on.

THE COURT: So they became --

MR. FARRELL: So I went from Countrywide to GMAC.

THE COURT: Yes, but GMAC became the loan servicer, as

I understand it from reading all the papers, on March 9, 2006.

MR. FARRELL: Right.

THE COURT: And continued servicing the loan until it was -- the servicing rights were transferred to Ocwen on February 15, 2013. You referred to GMAC selling the loan to Ocwen, but I've seen nothing to establish that. What GMAC did during the course of this bankruptcy case was sell its servicing platform to Ocwen, and Ocwen continued servicing the loans.

MR. FARRELL: Right.

THE COURT: You --

MR. FARRELL: But --

THE COURT: Go ahead.

MR. FARRELL: Well, one of the problems, Your Honor, is I think that's all just superficial fraud in the sense that if I say GMAC sold it, and if I am incorrect and Ocwen bought it, then it's just semantics, but the fact of the matter is Pinnacle went out of business in January of 2008 or -- yeah, 2008, and the assignment of mortgage from Pinnacle to GMAC was four months later. How can they assign something they don't own from a company that doesn't exist? And then they held onto that assignment of mortgage until they got a copy of the note, and then filing the case a year later. That doesn't enjoin jurisdiction. They don't have standing if they don't have the

proper paperwork to file a case.

And these arguments and this moratorium on foreclosures for two years and all the attorney generals arguing about this for years resulted in a twenty-five billion dollar fine, which is a slap on the wrist, but the arguments all have come down and out to after all these years the Second and Fourth District Court of Appeals was saying sorry, these foreclosure cases that were filed with the lost note affidavit have no standing. And --

THE COURT: Are you saying --let me --

MR. FARRELL: -- you can't create --

THE COURT: May I ask you this?

MR. FARRELL: -- standing retroactively.

THE COURT: May I ask you this? You --

MR. FARRELL: And in my January, 2009 forty-four page racketeering lawsuit I said that. Lost note affidavits are a fraud. Everything from Countrywide's a fraud. The foreclosure cases are fraud, because they're based on fabrication and lack of standing. Your Honor, that was five and a half years ago. And I got a high school education. If I know that everybody else has got to know that, and everybody, you know, when they sat down and discussed it, agreed with me.

THE COURT: You refer to --

MR. FARRELL: Your Honor, I've been right about everything, even, you know, I may not have the credentials, but

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I think I do. I'm the guy that bankrupted Hare Krishna cult,
 1
 2
    and my accusations helped bankrupt GMAC.
            THE COURT: May I ask you this? You refer to a -- is
 3
 4
    it the lost note affidavit that you say Mr. Stephan signed?
 5
            MR. FARRELL: I'm sorry?
 6
            THE COURT: You referred to Mr. Stephan having signed
 7
    something. Could you just tell me again what it is that he
 8
    signed?
            MR. FARRELL: Yes. Well, in 2006 GMAC was sanctioned
 9
10
    for signing affidavits of indebtedness fraudulently, and then
11
    in the State of Maine Federal Mortgage --
12
            THE COURT: Mr. --
13
            MR. FARRELL: -- Federal National Mortgage
    Association --
14
15
            THE COURT: Mr. Stephan --
            MR. FARRELL: -- v. Nicolle Bradbury --
16
17
            THE COURT: Mr. Stephan --
            MR. FARRELL: -- and GMAC, there was a court -- four
18
19
    court orders where the judge referred to Jeffrey Stephan
    continuing to sign these fraudulent affidavits of indebtedness
20
21
    outside the presence of a notary, you know, where the term
22
    robo-signing came up. And she cited the Martin Leibowitz case
23
    in 2006 saying you were told years ago stop doing this. You
    didn't stop doing this. And I'm going to continue to sanction
24
25
    you.
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THE COURT: Mr. Stephan?

MR. FARRELL: Jeffrey Stephan here in this case signed a assignment of mortgage outside the presence of a notary. It was signed on April 1, 2008. And if you go into the attorney general's Lynn Szymoniak lawsuit they mention that these robosigned documents and affidavits were signed in big blocks, thousand block -- a thousandtimes blocks.

And they mentioned April 1, 2008 as being a block of assignments that were signed by Jeffrey Stephan in Broward County, Florida. And then in May of 2008, a month later, he signed an affidavit of indebtedness, and, again, he's making claims he doesn't know about. He's not stating any of my claims that were made first about the mortgage fraud and the amounts of money being incorrect on his affidavit. But on his assignment of mortgage in April, 2008 he says he is a MERS vice president, and then a month later he says he is GMAC's limited signing officer. So he's acting on behalf of the grantor and the grantee. And this, again, is what the attorney general agreed with that this is wrong. And these are violations of state and federal law, so everybody that's allowing this to happen is guilty of misprision of a felony.

THE COURT: Mr. --

MR. FARRELL: They're allowing this stuff to happen and just saying well, you know, writing fraud-based debt paper is -- becomes money if you submit it to the right federal

1	reserve.
2	THE COURT: Mr. Farrell?
3	MR. FARRELL: Now
4	THE COURT: Mr. Farrell, stop. Stop. You've got to
5	take a breath, because when you're speaking you obviously don't
6	hear me trying to ask you question, so you
7	MR. FARRELL: Sorry.
8	THE COURT: You need to pause. I want to make sure I
9	understand your arguments. I've read all the papers, but I
10	want to make sure I understand all the arguments.
11	In December, 2007 Wells Fargo commenced a foreclosure
12	action in state court, not GMAC. Is that correct?
13	MR. FARRELL: Well, Your Honor, it appears that GMAC
14	did, because in their proof of claim, you know, it
15	definitely filed a case. They got a summary judgment, and they
16	filed bankruptcy. They filed a proof of claim saying send
17	whatever money to an address which is GMAC's, and it's the same
18	address that Ocwen's using.
19	THE COURT: Who was
20	MR. FARRELL: So it's not
21	THE COURT: Who was the plaintiff?
22	MR. FARRELL: Wells Fargo.
23	THE COURT: Who was the plaintiff in the foreclosure
24	action?
25	MR. FARRELL: It says Wells Fargo, as trustee under

the pooling and servicing agreement relating to Impac Secured Assets 2005 Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates.

THE COURT: All right. Let me ask you this, because as I understand it Wells Fargo was granted summary judgment in March of 2009. You appealed to the Second District Court of Appeals in -- with the consent of yourself and Wells Fargo the foreclosure judgment was vacated. Am I correct on that?

MR. FARRELL: Yes.

THE COURT: Why was it vacated?

MR. FARRELL: I don't know. Ask them. Actually, I think part of it was because I filed a federal lawsuit against the judge in Wells Fargo, and part of the request was if you drop the federal lawsuit we'll vacate the summary judgment.

And I said okay.

THE COURT: All right. Is it correct that Wells Fargo obtained a foreclosure judgment against you in April, 2014, and that's on appeal currently?

MR. FARRELL: I believe -- well, it's hard for me to say, Your Honor. It appears that Ocwen Loan Servicing did.

But here's an odd thing, Your Honor, that I want to mention.

All these several years the alleged plaintiff is Impac Secured Assets 2005-2. When they filed a summary judgment they filed an affidavit with it, and they said "Pay to the order of Impac Mortgage Holdings 2005-6. Your Honor, that's a different trust altogether. And if you look in my documents that I submitted,

1	you go through at the beginning, there's two notes. There's
2	two assignments of mortgage. There's two loan numbers.
3	There's two different amounts of money. And it seems to me
4	that they created a stream of income from the note and a stream
5	of income from the mortgage.
6	And on top of that, when I signed the closing papers I
7	signed a set of papers while I was in Colorado, and then when I
8	came back to Florida the mortgage broker said well, we got to
9	do it all over again. So now we got two sets of mortgage
10	documents, two notes, two trusts, two loan numbers.
11	THE COURT: All right. Anything else you want to add,
12	Mr. Farrell?
13	MR. FARRELL: No, Your Honor. Just either pay a claim
14	or give me the house free and clear. I mean
15	THE COURT: All right.
16	MR. FARRELL: I paid for it. I live here. I bought
17	it with my own equity. And paper shufflers don't deserve
18	anything as far as I'm concerned.
19	THE COURT: Do I understand you're still in possession
20	of the home?
21	MR. FARRELL: I'm sitting in it, Your Honor.
22	THE COURT: Okay. When is the last mortgage payment
23	you made? When did you do that?
24	MR. FARRELL: July of 2007.
25	THE COURT: Okay. All right.

1	Mr. Rosenbaum, you want to go ahead and respond? And
2	specifically tell me what it is that Mr. Stephan did. We've
3	had issues about Mr. Stephan arise in this courtroom before,
4	and I'm aware of the serious allegations of robo-signing by Mr.
5	Stephan.
6	MR. ROSENBAUM: Your Honor, I believe what transpired
7	in Mr. Farrell's case was an affidavit signed by Mr. Stephan.
8	THE COURT: While he was an employee of GMAC?
9	MR. ROSENBAUM: Yes. Yes. Ms. Hancock can elaborate
10	on that.
11	And there was an agreement, which Mr. Farrell agreed
12	to, to withdraw the foreclosure that was obtained, consolidate
13	his state court action that he filed prior to the foreclosure
14	and the foreclosure in one proceeding, and it proceeded
15	THE COURT: Is that why the first foreclosure judgment
16	was vacated?
17	MR. ROSENBAUM: May I defer to Ms. Hancock?
18	THE COURT: Yes. I'd like to know the answer.
19	MS. HANCOCK: Good morning, Your Honor. This is
20	Christy Hancock at Bradley Arant.
21	Yes, Mr. Rosenbaum is correct. There was a global
22	agreement with Mr. Farrell in the fall of 2010. He had the
23	allegations that you've run through regarding the Jeff Stephan
24	affidavit that was the basis of the original judgment in the
25	case. He also, at that point in time, had a variety of other

suits against GMAC and the investor that were in state court, federal court, and, if memory serves, Your Honor, also some bankruptcy cases. And as part of an agreement to winnow down all of the claims and to consolidate them into one case part of our agreement was to vacate that judgment and, essentially, start back at square one with the foreclosure. And Mr. Farrell consented to that and also agreed at the time to dismiss his other federal cases and his bankruptcy cases so that we could proceed in one consolidated case at that time in 2010.

THE COURT: And tell me what happened after that?

MS. HANCOCK: We then proceeded with the state court case that was a consolidation of Mr. Farrell's suits. He proceeded to amend that suit several times. We ended up with the fifth amended complaint.

GMAC was servicing the loan. The servicing then transferred to Ocwen. Ocwen, on behalf of the investor, who was the plaintiff in the case, pursued summary judgment on all of the claims. And Mr. Farrell also, in 2013, filed another federal suit that named GMAC, Ocwen, Wells Fargo, Bank of America, the State of Florida, a variety, and so we also dealt with the claims in the federal forum. And they culminated in the summary judgment in the state case in April of 2014, and actually we have also obtained a dismissal of all of his claims in the federal suit. It just came down last week, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Is there a written order on that?

1	MS. HANCOCK: Yes, Your Honor, there is. And we've
2	provided it to Morrison & Foerster.
3	THE COURT: Mr. Rosenbaum, has that been put on the
4	docket?
5	MR. ROSENBAUM: It hasn't. It came down on the 22nd.
6	We have copies.
7	THE COURT: Mr. Farrell, now I'm not sure about how to
8	pronounce your name. Is it Farrell or Ferel (ph.)?
9	MR. FARRELL: Farrell.
10	THE COURT: Okay. Do you have a copy of the recent
11	order from the federal court?
12	MR. FARRELL: Yes. It was mailed to me the other day.
13	It's pretty extensive. There's several orders, because it's
14	convoluted and long.
15	THE COURT: Okay. I haven't seen it. I just wanted
16	to be sure that before it's given to me I want to be sure
17	you have a copy of it.
18	MR. FARRELL: Yes, sir.
19	THE COURT: Okay. You want to hand a copy up, Mr.
20	Rosenbaum?
21	MR. ROSENBAUM: Sure.
22	THE COURT: And I'd like it filed on the docket, a
23	copy of it filed on the docket.
24	Thank you.
25	MR. FARRELL: If I may?

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1
            THE COURT: Just let me look at it a minute, Mr.
 2
    Farrell, okay?
 3
            MR. FARRELL: Yup.
 4
            THE COURT: All right. It's going to take me some
    time to go through it, but I'm going to take this under
 5
 6
    submission in any event.
 7
            But, Mr. Farrell, you want to respond? Go ahead.
 8
            MR. FARRELL: Well, I'm a pro se, and these people
 9
    down here hate me. I've been suing them, the judges and
10
    attorneys and law firms and the state attorney, because they
    aided and abetted the Hare Krishna religious cult.
11
12
            Without going into great detail, the Hare Krishnas are
13
    rich, and the people down here serve the rich. Period. As a
14
    pro se they're not going to give me any slack --
15
            THE COURT: Mr. Farrell?
16
            MR. FARRELL: --whatever.
17
            THE COURT: Mr. Farrell?
18
            MR. FARRELL: And the courts down here --
19
            THE COURT: I got enough problem --
20
            MR. FARRELL: -- are not Article III injured party
21
    jurisdiction. They're Article I corporate franchise courts
22
    collecting whole life insurance premiums to pay the Federal
23
    Reserve interest. So they're not interested in what most
24
    people would think is justice.
25
            But I would just respond that the appeals courts have
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1	repeatedly said that these foreclosure cases have no standing.
2	So regardless of my claims for damages, the other side of it is
3	that the parties, Wells Fargo and GMAC, don't have standing to
4	bring these foreclosures when I've alleged, and, I think,
5	properly, that the note was discharged in the American Home
6	Mortgage bankruptcy cases where Deutsche Bank was a major
7	creditor and Wells Fargo and GMAC were debtors. And they had
8	to pay Deutsche Bank for representation and warranties which
9	were breached in the origination of the loans like we have in
10	this case.
11	THE COURT: Mr. Farrell, I
12	MR. FARRELL: And Impac Secured Assets was an
13	unsecured creditor in that case. If they're unsecured then
14	there's no mortgage attached.
15	THE COURT: Mr. Farrell, did you argue in the state
16	court that Well look. I think you agreed with me, from what
17	I've read, Wells Fargo succeeded in obtaining summary judgment
18	for foreclosure in, I guess, it was either April or May of
19	2014. Did you raise the argument in that case that Wells had
20	no standing?
21	MR. FARRELL: Absolutely.
22	THE COURT: Okay.
23	MR. FARRELL: But the
24	THE COURT: And your you've
25	MR. FARRELL: The lower courtsarego ahead and

1	granting them because ahigh-ranking attorney down here told
2	me I sat down to talk with him. He said the agenda is to
3	move the business along and foreclose regardless of the
4	situation, and then it weeds out a lot of people in the appeals
5	process. He said as you go through the appeals process they're
6	reversing these summary judgments, Your Honor.
7	THE COURT: Okay. But
8	MR. FARRELL: So it's a way to just move the business.
9	I mean, they've been jerking around with me for seven years,
10	and I'm the kind of guy that they want to get rid of
11	THE COURT: But Mr
12	MR. FARRELL:because of my history here.
13	THE COURT: Mr. Farrell, I don't
14	MR. FARRELL: I mean, when
15	THE COURT: I don't get to review state court
16	judgments. And, I mean, you've taken an appeal, and that'll go
17	forward.
18	I'm going to take this matter under submission. So
19	I've got all the papers. I read everything. I've just been
20	handed these two orders, the opinion and the separate order,
21	and Mr. Farrell's indicated he has
22	MR. FARRELL: Right.
23	THE COURT: a copy of it. So I'm going to take it
24	under submission.
25	Thank you very much, Mr. Farrell.

1	MR. FARRELL: Thank you, sir.
2	THE COURT: Okay.
3	MR. FARRELL: Have a good day.
4	THE COURT: Thank you.
5	MR. ROSENBAUM: The next matter on the agenda is at
6	IV. We're still on page 7. This is the motion of Ally
7	Financial for an order imposing sanctions. And I'll cede the
8	podium to counsel for Ally.
9	THE COURT: Okay.
10	MR. BERNBROCK: Good morning, Your Honor. Justin
11	Bernbrock of Kirkland & Ellis on behalf of Ally Financial, Inc.
12	and Ally Bank.
13	THE COURT: Do I put this in the category of Ally
14	can't take yes for an answer or what?
15	MR. BERNBROCK: I'm sorry, Your Honor. Say that
16	again.
17	THE COURT: Do I put this motion in the category of
18	Ally doesn't want to take yes for an answer? You understand
19	what I'm saying?
20	MR. BERNBROCK: We're happy to take if by your
21	question you mean granting the order, we're happy to
22	THE COURT: No, I don't mean that at all. I think you
23	know exactly what I mean.
24	MR. BERNBROCK: Your Honor, there are two reasons why
25	Ally wants this order entered. The first, and if I might

provide Your Honor with a bit of good news.

THE COURT: Well, the good news is that the California case has been dismissed, right?

MR. BERNBROCK: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Which was what you set out to accomplish.

MR. BERNBROCK: Yes, Your Honor. The other good news is that there are a host of other cases which we have not had to bring before Your Honor, because plaintiffs across the country are recognizing the force of this Court's orders and the orders entered with respect to Mr. Lahrman, Mr. Mustafanos, and in this matter.

THE COURT: Well, look. I've written several opinions enforcing the third-party release for the benefit of Ally. And if people are ignoring it I will hear from you. But this issue here is whether sanctions should be awarded against the law firm that waited too long in finally dismissing the case. That's the issue.

I guess the other issue is when you originally filed the motion I granted it in part and denied it in part, because the sanctions request wasn't properly supported. I certainly gave your firm the opportunity to renew the motion, which was done. Today was the day scheduled for a hearing, but certainly before today the relief that you were seeking, namely the dismissal of the California action, was accomplished.

So the issue for me is whether the intervening event

1	of the dismissal of the California action should impact my
2	ruling on whether now that you have a properly supported
3	sanctions motion whether I should grant it or conclude that the
4	intervening event of the dismissal, which I had ordered the
5	parties to do, whether that should obviate the need for the
6	sanctions and support for the sanctions. But I'll let you
7	argue briefly.
8	MR. BERNBROCK: Your Honor, it should not. The event
9	of dismissal should not preclude entry of the order awarding
10	sanctions. Ally incurred those costs to pursue that motion,
11	which the Court granted, and those costs are spent at this
12	point. The only way for Ally to recover those costs is for
13	entry of this order today.
14	THE COURT: I think several written decisions that
15	you've obtained along the way have, I assume, been of
16	significant benefit to Ally in tamping down other similar
17	lawsuits.
18	MR. BERNBROCK: Absolutely, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: All right. Let me take the matter under
20	submission.
21	MR. BERNBROCK: Thank you, Your Honor. May I be
22	excused?

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THE COURT: Thank you. I should ask, anybody wish to

MR. BERNBROCK: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: You can.

23

24

25

1	be heard on the other side? My understanding is they weren't
2	going to appear. Is anybody appearing in connection this is
3	in connection with the California litigation claimants.
4	Anybody appearing for the other side?
5	MR. BERNBROCK: Your Honor, on July 21st we received
6	correspondence from counsel indicating that they would not
7	contest this matter.
8	THE COURT: Okay.
9	MR. BERNBROCK: Thank you, Your Honor.
10	THE COURT: Thank you. Just hand on a second, Mr.
11	Rosenbaum.
12	Go ahead, Mr. Rosenbaum.
13	MR. ROSENBAUM: Your Honor, the next matter on the
14	agenda is at page 7, V, the motion of the ResCap Liquidating
15	Trustto extend the date by which objections toclaims must be
16	filed.
17	THE COURT: Yes.
18	MR. ROSENBAUM: And I will cede the podium to Mr.
19	Shifer from Kramer.
20	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
21	MR. SHIFER: Good morning, Your Honor. Joseph Shifer
22	of Kramer, Levin, Naftalis & Frankel on behalf of the ResCap
23	Liquidating Trust.
24	Your Honor, this matter is the Liquidating Trust's
25	motion to extend the claims objection deadline. The motion was

filed on July 25, 2014. It's at docket number 7306. In support of the motion the Liquidating Trust submitted the declaration of Deanna Horst, the Liquidating Trust's chief claims officer. Ms. Horst is in the courtroom if Your Honor has any questions for her.

Your Honor, although the plan provided that the claims objection deadline can be extended without notice to any party, out of an abundance of caution and in consultation with chambers the Liquidating Trust elected to file a motion on presentment and gave ten days notice of the presentment. And because service was an issue that was raised in some of the objections, if I can just give you a little bit of the history of the service?

THE COURT: Please address that, yes. Go ahead.

MR. SHIFER: Pardon me?

THE COURT: Yes, please. Go ahead.

MR. SHIFER: Your Honor, the motion was served on the special and general service lists as well as the holders of all disputed claims. KCC, the Liquidating Trust noticing agent, filed an affidavit of service indicating that all of these parties were served via first class mail on July 25th. That was filed at docket number 7341.

On August 4th, because an objection to the motion was filed, we filed on the docket a notice of the hearing. That's at docket number 7346. KCC served that notice on all the

parties that received notice of the motion, and that affidavit of service, Your Honor, is at docket number 7362.

In addition, Your Honor, there are two supplemental affidavits of service that were filed by KCC at docket numbers 7391 and 7420. Those are for addresses for which the post office alerted KCC that there's a forwarding address associated with that address. And these affidavits of service state that the notice and the motion were served on those addresses.

Your Honor, pursuant to the plan, the current claims objection deadline is September 15, 2014. By the motion we seek an extension of that to June 15, 2015, which is approximately nine months.

And if I can give the Court some background on the claims? I think the claims pool here is on a scale rarely seen in Chapter 11. And if I can give you some figures on that.

And I just want to note that these figures may differ slightly from those in the motion, because the numbers in the motion didn't reflect the reconciliation and resolution of certain claims, and also that these are on an unconsolidated basis, so they represent -- if an identical claim was filed against multiple debtors they're being counted here.

Your Honor, 7,470 claims were filed against the debtors. These claims totaled more than 110 billion dollars, including more than 1,800 unliquidated claims. To date 3,357 claims have been expunged. 2,500 --

RESIDENTIAL CAPITAL, LLC, ET AL.

1	THE COURT: Give me that figure again.
2	MR. SHIFER: Pardon me, Your Honor?
3	THE COURT: Give me that figure again. I missed.
4	MR. SHIFER: That's 3,357.
5	THE COURT: Okay.
6	MR. SHIFER: Two thousand, five hundred and sixty-six
7	claims have either been withdrawn by the claimant or otherwise
8	allowed. And since the filing of the motion an additional
9	twenty-eight claims have been resolved, including fifteen
10	Borrower claims and thirteen non-Borrower claims.
11	So as of today, Your Honor, there's 1,519 claims that
12	remain unresolved and disputed. This is approximately twenty
13	percent.
14	THE COURT: The declaration referred to 1,620
15	remaining claims. You're saying that it's updated since then.
16	MR. SHIFER: It's been updated since, right.
17	THE COURT: Fifteen hundred and nineteen.
18	MR. SHIFER: Right. There were some that were
19	resolved since the motion was filed.
20	THE COURT: Okay.
21	MR. SHIFER: And also because there were some
22	THE COURT: All right.
23	MR. SHIFER: other allowances or other resolutions
24	that weren't counted originally.
25	THE COURT: All right.

MR. SHIFER: Of these 1,519 claims there are 1 2 approximately 886 non-Borrower claims and 633 Borrower claims. 3 And of the 866 non-Borrower claims they total 300 --4 THE COURT: 8-66? 5 MR. SHIFER: 8-8-6. 6 THE COURT: 8-8-6. That's what I thought. 7 MR. SHIFER: I'm sorry, Your Honor. I misspoke. They total 366.4 million dollars. It's 1.8 million 8 dollar of administrative expense priority, 3.3 of priority 9 10 claims, 74.4 million of secured claims, and 286.9 million of general unsecured claims. And of that 886, 288 are 11 12 unliquidated. 13 Of the 633 Borrower claims they total 862.4 million dollars. And it's 4.8 million in administrative expense 14 15 status, 455.3 million of priority, 90.8 million of secured, and 311.5 million of general unsecured claims. And of the 633 16 17 claims 57 are unliquidated. 18 So, Your Honor, I think these numbers show that there's been significant progress in resolving claims, but 19 there's still quite a bit of work to be done. And as Your 20 21 Honor has noted in previous hearings, at this point a lot of 22 the low-hanging fruit, so to speak, has been resolved, but what 23 remains is going to take some time to work through. And for 24 that reason the Liquidating Trust, with the support of the 25 Borrower Trust, filed the motion to extend the claims objection 1 deadline.

In terms of objections, Your Honor, there were no objections received by non-Borrowers. There were eight objections received from Borrowers.

THE COURT: I guess there were two more that were --

MR. SHIFER: Which -- right, Your Honor.

THE COURT: -- late filed.

MR. SHIFER: Yes. This morning, as we were sitting here, I think there were two more that were filed. I don't believe that they were -- I believe that they're Borrowers.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. SHIFER: And because the Borrower Claims Trust is more familiar with the claimants who filed the objections, and perhaps in a better position to resolve the objections, the Borrower's Trust took the lead in responding to and trying to resolve those objections. And they filed a reply at docket number 7406, and the Liquidating Trust filed a joinder to that reply at docket number 7411.

And to address the specifics of the objections I'm going to turn the podium back, if that's okay with Your Honor, to Mr. Rosenbaum.

THE COURT: Well, I think what I'd like to hear is -I know that it's -- I don't know whether there are any
objectors -- anybody who objected to the motion is present in
the courtroom. I know there were going to be some on the

1	telephone. I'd like to hear from the individuals who objected
2	to the motion to extend the deadline for filing objections to
3	proofs of claim. Okay?
4	Is anybody in the courtroom?
5	MR. SHIFER: Thank you, Your Honor.
6	THE COURT: All right. On the telephone. Anyone on
7	the telephone who has objected to the motion to extend the
8	deadline for the two Trusts to file objections to proofs of
9	claim?
10	MR. SATTERWHITE: Yes, sir.
11	THE COURT: Go ahead. Identify yourself, please.
12	MR. SATTERWHITE: Yes, sir, Your Honor. My name is
13	John E. Satterwhite, Jr.
14	THE COURT: Yes. Go ahead.
15	MR. SATTERWHITE: And I'm calling in concern of this
16	motion, because I did not receive any paperwork from them until
17	August 4th at 5:30 p.m. And when I opened up the paperwork it
18	said that if I objected to this motion that it had to be on
19	your desk by August 4th at 4 p.m.
20	THE COURT: All right. I'm look Mr
21	MR. SATTERWHITE: And the only way I found out about
22	it, sir, was another claimant had gotten in contact with me and
23	said that they were trying to push this motion through without
24	letting the claimants know anything about it, which was Ms.
25	Karen Michele Rozier, R-O-Z-I-E-R.

THE COURT: Yes. But Mr. --1 2 MR. SATTERWHITE: And --THE COURT: Mr. Satterwhite? 3 4 MR. SATTERWHITE: -- she contacted me. THE COURT: Mr. Satterwhite? You filed a written 5 objection. It's at ECF docket number 7332. 6 7 MR. SATTERWHITE: Yes, sir. 8 THE COURT: And which I've reviewed. And I will also 9 listen to whatever argument. So let's deal with your 10 objection. What is your objection to the extension of this 11 deadline? 12 MR. SATTERWHITE: Okay. I -- well, I didn't feel that 13 they should have the objection (sic) if they had put in in the 14 bankruptcy that they would be finished by September 15th of 15 2014. And I've been waiting for six years. I filed a lawsuit against GMAC and New York Bank of Mellon (sic) here in the city 16 17 of Richmond, Virginia, where the judge said that I had proven 18 fraud and had told my attorney that he needed to go fill out my 19 damages. And once we presented the damages on the fraud case 20 then they filed bankruptcy, and then the judge said that I had 21 to wait until the bankruptcy case finished. 22 THE COURT: All right. MR. SATTERWHITE: And I'm, you know, I feel that I 23 24 should get the paperwork in time. That wasn't enough time. Ιf 25 the lady hadn't never gotten in contact with me, sir, I

1	wouldn't have been able to file the objection to the motion,
2	because I didn't get the paperwork until August 4th at 5:30
3	p.m., and it said that if you objected to this motion then it
4	should have I should have gotten it in ample time so that I
5	could get it back to you
6	THE COURT: Mr. Satterwhite?
7	MR. SATTERWHITE: because I'm blind, Your Honor, in
8	one eye, and little vision in the other, and I have to get
9	someone
10	THE COURT: Mr. Sat
11	MR. SATTERWHITE: to help me with this paperwork,
12	because I can't afford an attorney to represent me in New York.
13	THE COURT: Mr. Satterwhite, the only issue for today
14	is whether I extend their time to file objections. Could you
15	explain to me why what is the basis for your objection to
16	the extension of time?
17	MR. SATTERWHITE: Well, I thought that when they set
18	up the rules in the bankruptcy court that they had a certain
19	amount of time that it was for them to pay us for our claims if
20	our claims were not objected or denied or expunged.
21	THE COURT: Yes, but the plan also provided that that
22	time could be extended, so they're not seeking relief that
23	wasn't contemplated in the plan itself.
24	MR. SATTERWHITE: Okay, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: All right. Who's the next person who

objects on the phone? Anybody else wish to be heard on the telephone?

MR. MCGUINTY: Good morning, Your Honor. My name is Michael McGuinty.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. McGuinty. Go ahead.

MR. MCGUINTY: Your Honor, I also don't have an attorney, and Gloria and I worked -- we had a thirty-day time frame to work on. We worked on it night and day and tried to comply with all the Court's requests. And I was in Northern Michigan at the time when I finally got the paper, and I filed my response to you. And I left Michigan, and I have returned to Florida.

THE COURT: Yes. Mr. McGuinty, I reviewed the written response from you and Ms. McGuinty. It's at ECF docket 7418.

I'm happy to hear from -- why don't you tell me the reasons that you believe the two Trust's time to file objections to claims should not be extended?

MR. MCGUINTY: Well, I've been working on this since I was sixty-nine years old, and I'm now seventy-six. And I'm afraid I'm going to die before I ever get anything or any of my relations will. And, I mean, it's just been -- every time I called GMAC -- first of all, they never notified me. Then I went on the Internet, and I found out where they should have, and I contacted them, and they told me I had no case, and went back and forth. They told me that I wasn't -- I didn't -- they

1	didn't take my home in 2011 or 2010. And then they came back
2	and they said well, they were looking at the wrong mortgage
3	claim number. And didn't I had a lawyer write the Federal
4	Reserve, and they went back to GMAC, and GMAC said yes, okay.
5	He does he did suffer damage, and he does have a case. And
6	at that point I was I've done everything that I thought that
7	the Court offered or told me to do, and I did it within thirty
8	days, and for me to for Gloria and me to work like that and
9	get our job done, and for somebody else not to get their job
10	done, it's hard for me to understand.
11	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you very much, Mr. McGuinty.
12	Among the written objections let me ask whether people
13	who are on the phone. Mr. Pichardo, are you on the telephone?
14	All right. I have Mr. Pichardo's Julio Pichardo's
15	written objection at ECF 7355. Anyone on the phone on behalf
16	of Kevin A. Matthews (sic)? The objection is at 7360.
17	MR. PICHARDO: I'm on the phone, Judge. I wish to
18	answer.
19	THE COURT: Go ahead. Is this Mr. Matthews himself?
20	MR. PICHARDO: This is Mr. Pichardo.
21	THE COURT: Mr. Pichardo? Oh, okay.
22	MR. PICHARDO: Yes.
23	THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Pichardo. Let me hear
24	MR. PICHARDO: Judge, I have a request here previously
25	submitted to the debtors for review. And on their docket

number 3521, which they represented to you two years ago, they have made a full review of this file according to them. And I sent a request for denial, because I've been waiting on this to be resolved, and I have several certified mails sent to them requesting for review status. So on docket 3521 they represented to Your Honor then that they had made a full review of this loan -- of this issue that was presented then.

So this has been already reviewed, and I've been waiting and requesting for them to review. As a matter of fact, Judge, when I request a relief from you I -- it was on the basis that my home was being transferred, and it was transferred to lienholders on a contract that they caused. So they did represent to Your Honor then, on docket number 3521, that they had -- on line 18 -- that they had made a full review of this loan.

So I've been requesting several times, and I have here sent to Morrison & Foerster several requests for a status, which was never answered. The only answers that I've gotten, Judge, is when it's come before you. And they get this -- from 2009 they've been, according to them, trying to resolve this, which never has been.

Now all I request, Judge, is that they answer to the full review they represented before you on docket 3521 that they -- on that hearing they said to you a full review has been done on Mr. Pichardo's file.On 9/18, when that request was made

1	for relief, Judge, now I have lienholders transfer this
2	property to their name because they, according to them, said
3	there was no kind of action on this home.
4	But there has been, Judge. And this home, and
5	everything we've had has gone down the drain, and all I
6	requested was from them within the last two years I've sent
7	several requests for review status. No answer, Judge, because
8	they believe that they need not to answer to anyone.
9	So if that is the status why should I allow them
10	another extension, sir, that I don't need, when they have
11	destroyed my wife, my two kids, my life, and they put all
12	finances through a chaos.
13	THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much, Mr.
14	Pichardo. Is Mr. Matthews, Kevin A. Matthews, or any lawyer on
15	his behalf on the telephone?
16	MR. PICHARDO: Were you able to look at that docket,
17	Judge?
18	THE COURT: No. I've heard your arguments, Mr.
19	Pichardo.
20	MR. PICHARDO: Okay.
21	THE COURT: And I read your papers. I want to go
22	through each of the individuals who's filed a written
23	objection, so the next
24	MR. PICHARDO: Okay.

THE COURT: Anybody appearing on behalf of Kevin A.

1	Matthews?
2	Next is Karen Michele Rozier. Ms. Rozier, are you on
3	the phone? Anyone appearing on behalf of Karen Michele Rozier?
4	Her objection was filed as ECF dockets 7363, 7381, and 7382.
5	All right. Next is William Futrell, ECF docket 7374.
6	Mr. Futrell, are you on the telephone?
7	Next isMichael Boyd, ECF docket 7375. Mr. Boyd, are
8	you on the telephone?
9	Next isEsteban and Maria Losoya. It's ECF docket
10	7404. Mr. or Mrs. Losoya, are you on the telephone?
11	Then there were two late-filed objections. I don't
12	have ECF docket numbers yet. One is from Rhonda Deese,
13	D-E-E-S-E. Ms. Deese, are you on the telephone?
14	All right. And lastly is the objection of Kathleen D.
15	Cline, C-L-I-N-E.
16	Ms. Cline, are you on the telephone?
17	All right. And I've reviewed each of the objections,
18	and whether they're on the telephone or not, I'm taking each of
19	the objections into consideration.
20	Let me hear I'd like to hear from someone from the
21	borrower's trust. Okay?
22	MR. ROSENBAUM: Your Honor, Norm Rosenbaum, Morrison &
23	Foerster for the borrower's trust.

We've done -- over the past several months, I think we've done

Your Honor, I really echo what Mr. Shifer had to say.

24

a Herculean effort to resolve these claims through the claims reconciliation process. It is a very difficult, time-intensive task. We used both the resources of the borrower's trust and the liquidating trust pursuant to the cooperation agreement.

I think Your Honor's well aware of our efforts. We're doing our level best to resolve these claims, but clearly, we need more time to do it.

As we said in our response, these are very factintensive. Many of these borrowers raise numerous issues of
law that we're trying to deal with in our analysis. We are
open to settlement where parties are reasonable in settling
with us, and we've settled many matters on that basis.

We found -- we always are willing to engage in settlement to move this process along, and we will continue to do so. Many instances we found the gaps were just too wide, and we had to continue the process before the Court.

We've taken Your Honor's positions and advice to us as to how to move things more swiftly through the court, through deeming things contested matters, and we're also looking at those issues as we continue our review of the approximately 600 claims.

We have addressed, through the reconciliation process, most of the claims filed by these objectors. I prefer not to debate the merits of the claims.

THE COURT: So the trust --

1 MR. PICHARDO: Question --

THE COURT: The borrower's trust had made a motion for establishing the claims reserve so that allowed claims could start to be paid. I denied that motion; I'm not revisiting that now.

The result is, correct me if I'm wrong, that those whose claims have not yet been resolved aren't disadvantaged. At this point, everybody is basically suffering because we're still going through this claims objection reconciliation process.

MR. ROSENBAUM: Everyone -- every claimant's in the same boat, Your Honor.

I would say that you have to look at the other side of it: we're trying to reconcile claims so that what's left are valid claims. And that's going to inure to every borrower who holds a --

THE COURT: Look, I've said --

MR. ROSENBAUM: -- valid claims benefit.

THE COURT: I've said on numerous occasions from the bench that it's my desire to facilitate distributions to all creditors, whether the borrower's trust or the liquidating trust, as soon as possible. For those who filed objections, I certainly understand frustration. For many of them they have either been in litigation with the debtors before the bankruptcy filing, and this lengthy process since the filing.

been disadvantaged.

And it remains my goal to try and facilitate distributions to allowed claims as soon as that's reasonably possible.

Many of the remaining claims are asserted as very large. Some may be well taken, others not. There's some evidentiary hearings that have now been scheduled on some of the remaining unresolved claims, and I think we've added some omnibus hearing days to try and move this process along.

I think the only thing I want to try and get across to those who are on the telephone, I understand your frustration. You shouldn't feel that because your claims remain unresolved, that you've been disadvantaged versus other borrowers whose claims have either been allowed or expunged. For better or worse, you're kind of all in the same boat. So the fact that we can only do so much at any one time doesn't mean that you've

So I have all the arguments with respect to this motion, and I anticipate entering an order today or tomorrow. So it's under submission.

MR. ROSENBAUM: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you very much, Mr. Rosenbaum.

All right. Anybody who's appeared on the telephone in connection with this motion, you're welcome to stay on the phone, but you're also excused if that's what you wish to do.

Go ahead, Mr. Rosenbaum.

MR. PICHARDO: I have a question, Your Honor.

1	THE COURT: Who's speaking?
2	MR. PICHARDO: Julio Pichardo.
3	THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Pichardo.
4	MR. PICHARDO: Is there a reason why when they were
5	presented before you that they had made a complete review of
6	this claim then, they never answered to us debtors. And not
7	only that, but even upon me contacting them fax, telephone,
8	certified mail, there was no answer. And instead of sending
9	this, which I just received a couple of days back, not even
10	thirty days in advance, why wouldn't they simply send me an
11	answer saying what is your request? Because I was willing to
12	simply come to a settlement with them, but they never answered
13	anything.
14	THE COURT: All right, let me ask
14 15	THE COURT: All right, let me ask MR. PICHARDO: So if they have only five claims here
15	MR. PICHARDO: So if they have only five claims here
15 16	MR. PICHARDO: So if they have only five claims here now, on the phone objecting, they could have taken care of
15 16 17	MR. PICHARDO: So if they have only five claims here now, on the phone objecting, they could have taken care of that, sir, by answering instead of answering with all this
15 16 17 18	MR. PICHARDO: So if they have only five claims here now, on the phone objecting, they could have taken care of that, sir, by answering instead of answering with all this paperwork they sent several days ago.
15 16 17 18 19	MR. PICHARDO: So if they have only five claims here now, on the phone objecting, they could have taken care of that, sir, by answering instead of answering with all this paperwork they sent several days ago. THE COURT: All right. Mr. Rosenbaum, has your firm
15 16 17 18 19 20	MR. PICHARDO: So if they have only five claims here now, on the phone objecting, they could have taken care of that, sir, by answering instead of answering with all this paperwork they sent several days ago. THE COURT: All right. Mr. Rosenbaum, has your firm received inquiries from Mr. Pichardo?
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MR. PICHARDO: So if they have only five claims here now, on the phone objecting, they could have taken care of that, sir, by answering instead of answering with all this paperwork they sent several days ago. THE COURT: All right. Mr. Rosenbaum, has your firm received inquiries from Mr. Pichardo? MR. ROSENBAUM: Mr. Pichardo's been an active
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	MR. PICHARDO: So if they have only five claims here now, on the phone objecting, they could have taken care of that, sir, by answering instead of answering with all this paperwork they sent several days ago. THE COURT: All right. Mr. Rosenbaum, has your firm received inquiries from Mr. Pichardo? MR. ROSENBAUM: Mr. Pichardo's been an active participant in the case
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	MR. PICHARDO: So if they have only five claims here now, on the phone objecting, they could have taken care of that, sir, by answering instead of answering with all this paperwork they sent several days ago. THE COURT: All right. Mr. Rosenbaum, has your firm received inquiries from Mr. Pichardo? MR. ROSENBAUM: Mr. Pichardo's been an active participant in the case THE COURT: And and

1	Have you responded to requests from him?
2	MR. ROSENBAUM: My understanding is that we have
3	responded to his correspondence, his faxes
4	MR. PICHARDO: No response.
5	THE COURT: All right. I'm not going to get into this
6	now. I'm going to take the matter under submission, we need to
7	move on in the calendar.
8	Thank you very much, Mr. Pichardo.
9	Mr. Rosenbaum, go ahead.
10	MR. ROSENBAUM: Thank you, Your Honor.
11	Your Honor, the next matter on the agenda is at page
12	9, VI, is the additional claims objections.
13	And the first matter is the liquidate the ResCap
14	Liquidating Trust's seventy-first omnibus objection. And I
15	will cede the podium to Mr. Shifer.
16	THE COURT: Okay.
17	MR. SHIFER: Good morning, again, Your Honor. Joseph
18	Shifer of Kramer Levin Naftalis & Frankel for the ResCap
19	Liquidating Trust.
20	THE COURT: So as I understand it, Mr. Shifer, there's
21	been no responses filed to the seventy-first
22	MR. SHIFER: Yeah, with two notes, Your Honor.
23	The first is that we've adjourned the hearing with
24	respect to OneWest Bank's the objection to OneWest Bank's

25 claim.

1	THE COURT: Okay.
2	MR. SHIFER: That will be on for the currently for
3	the September 30th hearing.
4	THE COURT: Okay.
5	MR. SHIFER: Their objection deadline is actually
6	extended to today.
7	THE COURT: All right.
8	MR. SHIFER: The other note would be that we received
9	an informal response from WFBNA, that's Wells Fargo as
10	successor to Wachovia. We've resolved their informal response
11	with the markup to the proposed order, which I can hand up to
12	Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: You can do it after
14	MR. SHIFER: It's not very significant.
15	THE COURT: after the hearing.
16	MR. SHIFER: Okay.
17	THE COURT: As to the remaining
18	MR. SHIFER: As to the remaining claimants, we did not
19	receive any response.
20	THE COURT: Okay. The Court has reviewed the seventy-
21	first omnibus objection to claims; it's at ECF 7305. The
22	objections are sustained, other than the two which are being
23	deferred.
24	MR. SHIFER: The objection will go forward to Wells
25	Fargo as successor with the changes to the proposed order.

1	THE COURT: Okay. All right. So seventy-first is
2	resolved.
3	MR. SHIFER: Thank you, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: Thank you very much.
5	MR. SHIFER: Thank you.
6	THE COURT: Mr. Rosenbaum.
7	MR. ROSENBAUM: Your Honor, the next matter is at
8	number 2 on page 9. It's the objection to ResCap Borrower's
9	Claims Trust to claim number 2024, filed by Irene Schmidt.
10	I'll cede the podium to my colleague, Craig Damast.
11	THE COURT: Thank you.
12	MR. DAMAST: Good morning, Your Honor. As Mr.
13	Rosenbaum
14	THE COURT: You have to identify yourself on the
15	record.
16	MR. DAMAST: Craig Damast
17	THE COURT: Yes.
18	MR. DAMAST: from Morrison & Foerster on behalf of
19	the ResCap Borrower Claims Trust.
20	As Mr. Rosenbaum indicated, this is the objection of
21	the ResCap Borrower Claims Trust to disallow and expunge claim
22	number 2024 filed by Irene Schmidt. That can be found at
23	docket number 7221.
24	The objection attaches the declaration of Deanna
25	Horst, who is the chief claims officer for the ResCap

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Liquidating Trust, as Exhibit 2. And Ms. Horst is in the courtroom if Your Honor has any questions. THE COURT: Let me ask, is Irene Schmidt or any lawyer on her behalf either in the courtroom or on the telephone? Go ahead. MR. DAMAST: Responses were due by July 23rd; we received none. So unless Your Honor has any questions, we would request that the objection is granted. The trust had previously objected to the THE COURT: Schmidt claim. She filed a response, and then the objection was withdrawn without prejudice. A new objection's now been filed; she did not file a response to it. I'm just concerned that having once been proactive in objecting -- in responding to your objection that -- I mean, I've heard nothing from her. I'm not sure -- has anything changed since then?

MR. DAMAST: There were conversations with Ms.

Schmidt. She was well aware of the fact that we were

withdrawing the forty-ninth omnibus claims objection as to her

claim. There was a time where we thought we might be able to

resolve this matter, but that, obviously, didn't happen.

We told her that we were going to be refiling a standalone objection and that she would be provided notice with that, and --

THE COURT: Let me -- do I understand correctly that -- she's divorced, correct?

1	MR. DAMAST: Correct.
2	THE COURT: And the obligor on the note was her
3	husband, not her.
4	MR. DAMAST: Correct, sole obligor.
5	THE COURT: Solely her husband.
6	MR. DAMAST: Correct.
7	THE COURT: What about who was listed on the mortgage?
8	MR. DAMAST: They both were listed on the mortgage.
9	THE COURT: Is there any explanation for how he,
10	alone, was the the former husband was the obligor and but
11	both were listed on the mortgage?
12	MR. DAMAST: What I can think of is a title to the
13	property was actually in both of their names, so that's
14	probably why the mortgage had to be in both of their names.
15	THE COURT: And as I understand the circumstances, Mr.
16	Schmidt was granted a loan modification.
17	MR. DAMAST: Correct.
18	THE COURT: He alone signed. They had been divorced,
19	and in the divorce settlement which the trust nothing of
20	record regarding the trust settlement, she was given the house;
21	he remained an obligor on the note. He entered into a loan
22	modification which stretched out the payments, but actually
23	reduced the total amount of the payments that would be made.
24	MR. DAMAST: Correct.
25	THE COURT: And as I understand the objection, since

he was the obligor, the trust's view is he had the authority to enter into the modified -- the loan modification?

MR. DAMAST: That's what the mortgage -- the mortgage explicitly provides that.

THE COURT: Okay. What about the -- he was also the -- the home was damaged by Hurricane Katrina, and there were insurance proceeds regarding the damage that was done. And as I understand it, those proceeds were paid to her exhusband.

MR. DAMAST: They were either remitted to her exhusband, or they are currently being held in escrow by Ocwen, as successor servicer.

THE COURT: Okay. Do you know how much is still being held? I gather -- she says the home has never been repaired because she doesn't have the money to do it.

MR. DAMAST: Yeah, I don't know the answer to that.

THE COURT: All right. Pending before the Court is the objection to the ResCap Borrower's Claim Trust to claim number 2024 filed by Irene Schmidt; it's at ECF -- the objection's at ECF 7221. The objection is supported by the declaration of Deanna Horst; it's attached to the objection as Exhibit 2. Through the objection, the borrower claims trust seeks an order disallowing and expunging claim 2024 filed by Irene Schmidt, because the debtors' books and records do not reflect any liability owed to Schmidt -- Ms. Schmidt.

Ms. Schmidt did not file an opposition to this current objection. As I referenced earlier, she had filed an earlier response to an earlier objection which was then withdrawn.

I won't go through all the facts since no response to the objection was filed. Her claim against the debtor's for \$245,241.48. She didn't specify the relevant debtor on the proof of claim form; it was construed as being against Residential Capital LLC. She attached to her proof of claim a petition for damages that she filed in Louisiana State Court against GMAC Mortgage, LLC on June 27th, 2012, after the petition date; the automatic stay was in place.

Mrs. Schmidt alleged liability for alleged "fraudulent refinancing" and for damages related to Hurricanes Katrina and Isaac, that the supposed fraudulent refinancing is because of the undisputed facts that her husband, who was the obligor on the note, entered into a loan modification that reduced the total payments over time, but stretched them out. And with respect to the damage to the property, there was insurance; some of it was paid to her ex-husband, and some of it remains held in escrow by Ocwen.

The debtor asserts -- the trust asserts that the debtors bear no liability for Ms. Schmidt's allegations because her husband was the only obligor under the original note secured by her mortgage, so he was the only party who could seek the modification to the loan. The Court agrees.

1	And with respect to the release of insurance proceeds,
2	GMACM followed standard industry practice in releasing proceeds
3	to the noteholder, that was Mr. Schmidt, and not a party who
4	was not listed on the note. That was the reason that he was
5	paid a portion of the proceeds.
6	The objection's well taken; it's sustained.
7	MR. DAMAST: Thank you, Your Honor. May we submit an
8	order?
9	THE COURT: Yes, you can.
10	MR. DAMAST: Thank you.
11	MR. ROSENBAUM: Your Honor, Norm Rosenbaum, Morrison &
12	Foerster for the ResCap Borrower's Claims Trust.
13	Your Honor, the final matter on the agenda is number 3
14	at page 9. It's the ResCap Borrower Claims Trust's sixty-ninth
15	omnibus objection to claims, a no liability borrower claims.
16	If Your Honor'd just give me one second.
17	THE COURT: That objection is at ECF docket 7188.
18	MR. ROSENBAUM: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor,
19	I'm sorry, it's a little noisy in the
20	THE COURT: Yeah, let's see if we can I suspect
21	it's the next group of ResCap matters.
22	MR. ROSENBAUM: We'll try to be quick.
23	Thank you, Your Honor.
24	Your Honor, this is objection an omnibus objection,
25	no liability claims. We objected to thirty-six claims in this

1	objection. We received approximately nine responses.
2	THE COURT: I think there were ten responses, but
3	by our reckoning, but
4	MR. ROSENBAUM: Thank you, Your Honor.
5	THE COURT: maybe I miscounted.
6	MR. ROSENBAUM: Today we scheduled hearings on the
7	objections filed by Linton and Nancy Layne, Ronald and Elaine
8	Nakamoto, Edward Tobias, and Tia Smith. And then in September
9	we'll have the balance of the objections.
10	We also received an objection from Mr. Harris, which
11	we dealt with summarily in our response.
12	THE COURT: All right. So Harris is dealt with.
13	MR. ROSENBAUM: We did address it in our response.
14	The response was he didn't provide anything additional
15	THE COURT: Right.
16	MR. ROSENBAUM: in his reply.
17	THE COURT: Is that going forward today?
18	MR. ROSENBAUM: Yes.
19	THE COURT: Okay. Tia Smith has four claims. Ms.
20	Smith, are you on the telephone?
21	MS. SMITH: Good morning, Your Honor.
22	THE COURT: Thank you. Claims 3889, 4129, 4134, and
23	4139. Let's proceed with respect to Smith.
24	Go ahead, Mr. Rosenbaum.
25	MR. ROSENBAUM: Well, Your Honor, Ms. Smith filed four

claims in the amount of three million against GMACM,

Homecomings, Residential Financial Corporation, and Residential

Accredit. We've laid out the facts in our objection and our

reply, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Let me see if I can focus this on what's of concern to me. I certainly have reviewed all the papers; they're lengthy. And there are multiple claims -- multiple causes of action that are alleged in the claims. Let me find it in my notes.

(Pause)

THE COURT: So among Ms. Smith's claims, there's a claim under California Business and Professions Code, Section 17200. And the issue I have there is on many other claims you've asserted a statute of limitations defense. For example, the fraud claim has a three-year statute of limitations for fraud under California Civil Code Section 338 (d). But the Business and Professions Code claim has a four-year statute of limitations under Section 17208, and the four years had not run when Ms. Smith filed her proof of claim. And the issue in my mind is whether she has stated a plausible claim under Business and Professions Code Section 17200.

Mr. Rosenbaum, my issue there is that it appears to me that there are disputed issues of fact whether Ms. Smith has stated a claim. And I think what this revolves around is that Ms. Smith alleges that GMACM -- when she approached GMACM about

a loan modification, they told her you're not in default; we can't consider a modification unless you are in default. She then defaulted, and GMACM then commenced foreclosure.

I understand from your response, that you say the servicing notes reflect no such communication with Ms. Smith advising her to default on the loan if she wanted a loan modification. She says they did; you say they didn't. It may be that you'll ultimately prevail, but maybe not. That seems to me to be a disputed issue of fact.

Can you tell me this, whether there is any authority in California sustaining a claim, either for fraud, negligence, Business and Professions Code 17200 where relating to a loan servicer's advice to a borrower that you're not in default, if you want a modification you need to default, they default, and then foreclosure. In those -- roughly in those circumstances, are there any cases that deal with -- because that seems to me to be the essence. She has lots of other allegations, but that seems to me to be the essence of her claims that aren't -- that are at least they're not barred by the statute of limitations.

MR. ROSENBAUM: I'm not aware of any, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. So this has been a problem -- I'm not saying it's a problem with the ResCap debtors, but I can't tell you how many times, when I had the Chapter 13 calendar, in particular, I was faced with arguments that I applied for a loan modification, they said you're current, the borrower says

I can't afford it, that's why I'm in a bankruptcy proceeding, but you're current so we won't even consider a loan modification. So if you want us to consider it you need to default. So the borrower defaults, and then lo and behold, a foreclosure's started.

So this came up quite often, not in the context of a specific cause of action that was asserted, but when I read the allegations, they didn't surprise me. It was something I was quite used to seeing. And whether it would state a claim in this case under the California Business Professions Code -- California's been pretty active in enforcing -- 17200, I remember from years ago when I practiced in California was a cottage industry on plaintiff's claims. So --

MR. ROSENBAUM: Your Honor --

THE COURT: -- you have any authority you can point me to?

MR. ROSENBAUM: Well, we have authority that we've cited in our brief, but there has to be an underlying violation of the statute. We don't use the California --

THE COURT: The statute prohibits unlawful, unfair, or fraudulent practices. And so is advising a borrower, if that's what happened -- I understand it's disputed -- advising a borrower to default so they can be considered for a loan modification, is that an unfair, deceptive, or fraudulent practice? That's my question.

1	MR. ROSENBAUM: Your Honor, I would consider that an		
2	unfair and deceptive practice.		
3	THE COURT: Okay.		
4	MR. ROSENBAUM: But we do cite I would refer Your		
5	Honor to the authorities that we've cited in our brief that		
6	under California law there has to be an underlying violation.		
7	And she claims in her one of her other counts that she		
8	raises, tortious interference with contract, which we have		
9	briefed, is time-barred.		
10	THE COURT: I'm not I'm in part because of the		
11	lateness of the hour, I'm trying to focus on what is my focus.		
12	And I think you have good statute of limitations arguments.		
13	With respect to anything that had a two- or three-year statute		
14	of limitations, you have a very good statute of limitations		
15	argument.		
16	The problem is that the California Business		
17	Professions Code, you got a four-year statute of limitations.		
18	And the cases say even though a fraud claim may be barred, it		
19	doesn't bar the Business and Professions Code claim. Do you		
20	agree with that?		
21	MR. ROSENBAUM: Your Honor, I'd have to I		
22	understand what Your Honor's saying.		
23	THE COURT: That's what I read the cases as saying.		
24	Do you disagree with it? I mean tell me.		
25	MR. ROSENBAUM: Your Honor, I'd need to take a closer		

look, but I'm not disputing it, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Look, you may have even made the more persuasive argument that such an alleged statement was never made, but it's disputed.

Ms. Smith, I understand that you're prepared to testify that someone from GMACM told you that you needed to default on your loan if you wanted to be considered for a loan modification, am I correct in that?

MS. SMITH: Your Honor, I allege that Homecomings
Financial --

THE COURT: That's one of the debtors. I'm sorry, I said GMACM but it was Homecomings. I'm sorry, go ahead.

MS. SMITH: Correct. I allege Homecomings Financial advised me of this information. And I also, in my opposition, submitted Exhibit -- I believe it's Exhibit 1, where

Homecomings, the RALI -- the Residential Accredit Loans, Inc.

2007-Q01 Trust, submitted a 10-K form and also an 8-K form to the Securities and Exchange Commission, basically stating that Homecomings transferred all of their servicing rights, their servicing platforms, to GMAC Mortgage on September 24th, 2007. And they also declared that Homecomings Financial did not service, in any manner, any loans after September 24th, 2007.

THE COURT: Ms. Smith, I'm aware of your arguments about that. I want to focus on the one -- right now, I want to focus on one thing in particular. Are you prepared to testify

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at an evidentiary hearing that you were told by either
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 2
    Homecomings or GMACM that you needed to default on your loan if
    you wished to be considered for a loan modification?
 3
 4
            MS. SMITH: Yes, I am, Your Honor.
            THE COURT: Okay. And I recognize, Ms. Smith, that
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 6
    you had many other claims that you've asserted. And I'm going
 7
    to -- I'm going to take it under submission, I'm going to issue
    a written order, or opinion, resolving the issues -- well --
 8
 9
            MS. SMITH: May I make one more point, Your Honor --
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            THE COURT: Just a second.
            MS. SMITH: -- regarding Exhibit --
11
12
            THE COURT: Ms. Smith, stop.
13
            MS. SMITH:
                       -- X, that the --
14
            THE COURT:
                        Stop, stop. I will let you speak --
15
            MS. SMITH:
                        -- ResCap Trust submitted regarding --
16
            THE COURT: Ms. Smith, stop, I'm going to have you cut
17
    off.
18
            MS. SMITH: -- the Smith servicing note? Oh.
            THE COURT: Ms. Smith, I will let you speak again
19
    after I'm finished; don't interrupt me.
20
21
            MS. SMITH: My apologies.
22
            THE COURT: I will enter an order dealing with the
23
    Smith claims. I recognize that there are multiple claims that
24
    she's asserted. The trust has asserted statute of limitations
25
    defenses. I'll deal with them in the opinion or order.
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1	With respect to the California Business Professions
2	Code Section 17200, the statute of limitations, which is a
3	four-year statute of limitations, clearly is not a bar. The
4	issue from the Court's standpoint is which of Mrs of Ms.
5	Smith's claims can be asserted can go forward under the
6	17200, to the extent that it's a contested matter with disputed
7	issues of fact.
8	I'll enter an order about it, and set forth the
9	schedule if they're going to go forward.
10	Ms. Smith, briefly, what else did you want to say?
11	MS. SMITH: I wanted to say that the ResCap trust
12	failed to identify the actual servicer on Exhibit X. It
13	doesn't even give the name of who the servicer is.
14	THE COURT: Okay. All right. The matter's taken
15	under submission. Go ahead, Mr. Rosenbaum.
16	MR. ROSENBAUM: Your Honor, could we take the next
17	matter, the Layne objection, Your Honor?
18	THE COURT: Sure, let's take Layne, we got to move
19	through this with some
20	MR. ROSENBAUM: I believe Ms. or Mr. Layne I
21	apologize if I got that wrong, is on the phone.
22	THE COURT: Mr. Layne, are you on the phone?
23	MS. LAYNE: It's Mrs. Layne.
24	THE COURT: Mrs. Layne, thank you very much. Go
25	ahead, Mr. Rosenbaum.

1 MS. LAYNE: Thank you.

THE COURT: And I'll give you a chance to respond,

3 Mrs. Layne, okay.

MS. LAYNE: Thank you.

THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Rosenbaum.

MR. ROSENBAUM: Your Honor, we've laid out the facts in our response and in the objection. GMAC serviced this loan from August 4th, 2006 until the servicing was transferred to Ocwen. Mr. and Mrs. Layne filed a Chapter 7 bankruptcy and received a discharge. The claim -- all the facts that gave rise to the claim that they filed in the bankruptcy court existed at the time of their bankruptcy. They did not schedule it. It included the schedules showing the absence of the affirmative claim in the declaration.

The basis of this claim seems to be that there's no assignment of the mortgage in Oregon. We don't believe that to be required, as we argue in our brief, and we don't see how that gives rise to damages against GMAC. And in addition, as we've said, we don't believe that they have standing to bring this claim, and they're estopped.

THE COURT: Let me ask you a question, Mr. Rosenbaum, with respect to the objections of the Layne claim. And Nancy and Linton Layne filed a response to the objection; it's at ECF 7301.

The Layne matter was before the Court once before.

And the Court denied -- the Laynes had made a motion to strip the second lien and grant relief from the stay; that was at ECF docket 4655. And the Court denied the motion in an opinion entered on February 10th, 2014; it's at ECF 6454.

In support of the opposition to that motion the debtors have filed a declaration of Lauren Graham Delehey that stated that U.S. Bank is the owner of the Laynes' loan; that's at 6168-1, paragraph 4.

Here, though, the Horst supplemental declaration states that Citibank was securitization trustee to whom RFC transferred the loan in 2006. That's in the Horst supplemental declaration at paragraph 8.

The note that the trustee attached does not reflect any endorsements after RFC. So there seems to be an inconsistency between the positions you've taken in the two Layne motions. And I -- the Court relied on the sworn Delehey declaration in issuing its February 10th opinion; see ECF 6454 at pages 8 and 11.

MR. ROSENBAUM: One second, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Yes. Here's what we're going to do. I'm going to take this matter under advisement. I'm going to give you a week to file a supplemental decl -- it may be a simple explanation; it wasn't simple when we looked at it. It appeared to be an inconsistency. Whether it makes a difference at the end of the day, I'm not sure, but I don't want to go

1	ahead and rule when it appears that I don't know what the facts		
2	are.		
3	MR. ROSENBAUM: Thank you, Your Honor.		
4	THE COURT: Okay. Ms. Layne, I'm Mr. Rosenbaum,		
5	I'll give you a week to file further papers. And Ms. Layne,		
6	I'll give you a week after that if you want to file any further		
7	response. Okay?		
8	MS. LAYNE: Okay. I just would like to make one		
9	statement.		
10	THE COURT: Go ahead.		
11	MS. LAYNE: Which is or a correction in their		
12	declaration which is they claim that both of us, husband and		
13	wife, declared bankruptcy, and that is not the case. Only Mr.		
14	Layne declared bankruptcy in 2010.		
15	THE COURT: Okay, all right.		
16	MS. LAYNE: So I have never claimed a bankruptcy		
17	against GMAC.		
18	THE COURT: All right. So Mr. Layne filed a Chapter 7		
19	bankruptcy petition on December 14th, 2010, is that correct?		
20	MS. LAYNE: Correct.		
21	THE COURT: Okay. All right.		
22	So just so we're clear, I'm giving the trust a week to		
23	file some further papers explaining to me what appears to be		
24	inconsistent positions, and I'm going to give you you don't		
25	have to file anything further, Ms. Layne, but		

1	MS. LAYNE: Okay.		
2	THE COURT: if you wish to, you have a week to do		
3	that. Okay. And then I'm		
4	MS. LAYNE: Great.		
5	THE COURT: Once those papers, additional papers, are		
6	in front of me, I'll take the matter under submission and		
7	render a ruling. Okay?		
8	MS. LAYNE: Okay, thank you.		
9	THE COURT: Thank you very much, Mrs. Layne. Go		
10	ahead, Mr. Rosenbaum.		
11	MR. ROSENBAUM: Your Honor, the next objection was to		
12	the Nakamoto claim. I don't believe I heard anyone on the		
13	phone for		
14	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Nakamoto, are you on the		
15	telephone? Let me find my notes.		
16	Ronald Nakamoto, he filed an opposition to the		
17	objection; it's at ECF 7345. There were five attachments to		
18	Mr. Nakamoto's filings.		
19	Mr. Nakamoto, it's I guess both you and your wife,		
20	Elaine, filed claim 1279 against GMACM on October 15th, 2012.		
21	Are you on the phone, Mr. Nakamoto, or Ms. Nakamoto? All		
22	right, I'm going to take it under submission.		
23	MR. ROSENBAUM: Thank you, Your Honor.		
24	Your Honor, the final objection or response that we		
25	received was to the objection to Mr. Tobias' claim. I believe		

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Mr. Tobias is in the courtroom.
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 2
            THE COURT: Come on up, Mr. Tobias.
            MR. TOBIAS: Thank you. Good morning.
 3
 4
            THE COURT: You have to come up to the microphone,
    okay? Let me find my notes.
 5
 6
         (Pause)
 7
            THE COURT: Okay. So here we're dealing with the
    proof of claim 1466 filed by Suzanne Koegler and Edward Tobias,
 8
 9
    is that --
10
            MR. TOBIAS: Yes.
            THE COURT: Okay. And let me see what else.
11
12
            Go ahead, Mr. Rosenbaum.
13
            You can have a seat, Mr. Tobias.
14
            MR. TOBIAS: Thank you.
15
            MR. ROSENBAUM: Your Honor, as we set forth in our
16
    response and in declarations in support, we don't see any basis
17
    for this claim.
18
            Mr. Tobias and Ms. Tobias were given a deferred
    payment because of Hurricane Sandy. The loan servicing was
19
20
    transferred to Ocwen. They sent GMAC requests on modifications
21
    that were referred to Ocwen after the servicing was
22
    transferred. We still don't see any basis for this claim.
    We're aware of the lawsuit that Mr. Tobias filed post-petition.
23
24
    Your Honor had addressed that. Summarily, you didn't rule on
25
    the merits of that in the prior order Your Honor entered on the
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1	claim, I think it was 1477, and that we just see no liability		
2	on this claim.		
3	Mr. Tobias is free to deal with Ocwen on his own.		
4	THE COURT: All right, go ahead. Come on up to the		
5	podium.		
6	MR. TOBIAS: Thank you very much.		
7	THE COURT: You need to identify yourself on the		
8	record when you speak, sir.		
9	MR. TOBIAS: Yes.		
10	THE COURT: Are you a lawyer?		
11	MR. TOBIAS: Yes, I am.		
12	THE COURT: Okay.		
13	MR. TOBIAS: I'm admitted, actually, in New Jersey,		
14	New York and federal court.		
15	THE COURT: Okay.		
16	MR. TOBIAS: I don't know if I had to be admitted pro		
17	hac vice here to represent my wife.		
18	THE COURT: You don't because it's your it's		
19	yourself.		
20	MR. TOBIAS: And my wife.		
21	THE COURT: And your wife. But you got to identify		
22	yourself on the record.		
23	MR. TOBIAS: Yes, yes, Your Honor.		
24	This is Edward N. Tobias		
25	THE COURT: Okay.		

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1
            MR. TOBIAS: -- representing myself, pro se, and my
 2
    wife Suzanne Koegler.
 3
            THE COURT: Okay, go ahead.
 4
            MR. TOBIAS: Actually, Your Honor, this does have a
    companion case that was set for hearing -- I don't have the
 5
 6
    exact date. Your Honor did rule on that; that was claim 1467,
 7
    I believe. And there were a number of differences between the
 8
    two properties.
 9
            THE COURT: So you had two properties, Freehold and --
10
            MR. TOBIAS: Two properties, yes. And if you have
    questions I can address those first, and then go into some
11
12
    points basically.
13
            THE COURT: Long Beach and Freehold.
14
            MR. TOBIAS: Long Beach and Freehold, yes, sir.
15
            THE COURT: Go ahead.
            MR. TOBIAS: Okay. Essentially, there were two
16
17
    differences. And coincidentally, I just sold the Freehold
18
    property yesterday. One of the points in your opinion was that
19
    I didn't -- I failed to state a claim because I had no damages,
    which was completely accurate, because I had not sold that
20
21
    property. So there are substantial differences. I purchased
22
    that property before the Long Beach property; I sold that
23
    property after the Long Beach property. But I'm not going to
24
    get into it.
```

THE COURT: Do I understand correctly, both of these

properties were investment properties, not your primary 1 2 residence? MR. TOBIAS: Both of these properties were investment 3 4 properties. One -- the Freehold property was my principal residence for purposes; however, at that time, 2003, I -- my 5 wife and I had more assets. And one of the decisions that I 6 7 made that, in hindsight, was fairly disastrous, but on the Freehold property not too shabby, we did take out the mortgage. 8 We did have funds to purchase the house outright. 9 10 THE COURT: Look, fundamentally --MR. TOBIAS: Yes. 11 12 THE COURT: -- the argument that you make that I 13 rejected before, and have great problems with --14 MR. TOBIAS: Yes. 15 THE COURT: -- is that you argue that you overpaid for 16 these properties because the defendants manipulated the market 17 for real estate in New Jersey and maybe the world, I don't 18 That's not an argument that any court has accepted. know.

MR. TOBIAS: Well, that is an argument that they did enter into a consent agreement with Attorney General Holder that does state those exact points.

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22

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Essentially, one of my problems as an attorney, I seem to be -- have gotten -- I filed a pre-Iqbal complaint in a post-Iqbal world. Right now, in this particular forum and on the claims that I have in federal court, basically it's failure

```
to state a claim. Personally, I thought I said enough in my
 1
 2
    complaint, and now I'm entitled to discovery, and now we can go
    on, and I can do that. But, unfortunately, the post-Iqbal --
 3
 4
    Ashcroft v. Igbal world, and the Sixth Circuit has addressed
    this, that even if all the information is within the possession
 5
 6
    of the defendant, I can't get into the courthouse steps --
 7
            THE COURT: Look, I --
            MR. TOBIAS: -- to get the information that I need to
 8
 9
    prove, basically, what all their -- the consent agreement --
10
            THE COURT: Mr. Tobias --
            MR. TOBIAS: Yes, sir.
11
12
            THE COURT: -- you simply do not state a plausible
13
    claim --
14
            MR. TOBIAS: Well --
15
            THE COURT: -- that you overpaid for your two beach
16
    properties, which were damaged by Hurricane Sandy --
17
            MR. TOBIAS: Well --
            THE COURT: -- because you allege that GMACM, the
18
    debtors, generally, manipulated the market, which resulted in
19
20
    you overpaying for the property; because they were too generous
21
    in the mortgages they were prepared to give you, you overpaid
22
    for the properties. That's the thrust of your argument.
23
            MR. TOBIAS: Well, respectfully, that's not how I see
    it, of course. I see a different hypothetical.
24
25
            Basically, these people are in the business of selling
```

1	loans. And what they did was they appraised my property so		
2	that they can induce me to take out a loan that did not reflect		
3	the property. And one of the reasons I say that I overpaid,		
4	and it is in hindsight, at the time no one knew these things,		
5	okay. And the claims can be separated from the Freehold claim		
6	and the Long Beach claim.		
7	The Long Beach claim was actually significantly		
8	damaged by Hurricane Sandy. I did have the standard 250,000-		
9	dollar flood insurance policy, okay. The		
10	THE COURT: You were better off than a lot of people.		
11	MR. TOBIAS: I was better off than practically		
12	everyone; I wholeheartedly agree with that. And I did received		
13	100,000 dollars in funds in payment on that particular policy.		
14	The problem is, okay, that that entire 100,000 dollars was paid		
15	to GMAC who then subsequently transferred the loan to Ocwen. I		
16	did pay off that entire		
17	THE COURT: They transferred the servicer on this.		
18	MR. TOBIAS: I'm sorry, they transferred the servicing		
19	to Ocwen. I did pay off that loan in total upon the sale of		
20	the house.		

Now, one of the things in my second submission, was basically I sold the house for around 320,000 dollars, given the price that was paid for its damaged condition, given the amount of the flood proceeds.

21

22

23

24

25

Now, the problem is, okay, that the dispute is whether

1	the house should be repaired or whether it should be replaced.		
2	And the problem is, in a replaced conditions, okay, the actual		
3	cash value of that house, according to the federal government		
4	is 108,000 dollars, which is why it seems like I'm greedy,		
5	getting 100,000 dollars, when my whole house is worth 108. So		
6	I have the federal government saying, gee, that house has		
7	always been worth around 108,000 dollars, so they're not going		
8	to pay me the rest of my 150,000-dollar claim.		
9	THE COURT: Tell me this, did you shop for properties		
10	when you bought these two? I mean, did you		
11	MR. TOBIAS: Well, that		
12	THE COURT: look what the market was, and		
13	MR. TOBIAS: I understand. And I understand the		
14	analogy.		
15	THE COURT: Just answer my question. Did you? I		
16	mean, you had your heart set on these two properties, or I		
17	mean, when you you said one was originally your primary		
18	residence, and then became an investment property; the other		
19	was always an investment property.		
20	MR. TOBIAS: Right. Well, I'll tell you, the answer		
21	to that question is I did shop for properties. And the market		
22	at the time, that was the market, and the price is fairly non-		
23	negotiated between a buyer and seller. However, okay and		
24	really just for hypo		
25	THE COURT: When you negotiated the price between a		

```
buyer and seller, you didn't have a mortgage yet. Somebody was
 1
 2
    offering a house for sale, you negotiated aprice, you filed a
    mortgage application and you got a mortgage.
 3
 4
            MR. TOBIAS: And I got a mortgage based on an
 5
    appraisal.
            THE COURT: And so --
 6
 7
            MR. TOBIAS: So GMAC did appraise that property.
            THE COURT: -- sue the seller because theseller
 8
    charged you too much for the house; that's your basic position.
 9
10
            MR. TOBIAS: Well, but with the approval of GMAC.
    mean, they did appraise it.
11
12
            THE COURT: All right. I un --
13
            MR. TOBIAS: In addition -- I understand --
            THE COURT: Mr. Tobias, I understand your argument.
14
15
            MR. TOBIAS: I understand. Let me make a couple of
    points just to have on the record --
16
17
            THE COURT: Go ahead.
18
            MR. TOBIAS: -- to address one thing. A couple of
    things, hold on. Where did it go? I lost it now.
19
            I mean, basically, for hypothetical purposes, it's
20
21
    less a matter that it was a good-faith, arm's-length
22
    transaction between a buyer and a seller.
            Basically, GMAC rented money. Using this hypothetical
23
24
    situation is only -- say I rent a Cadillac, okay, and they give
25
    me a car with the logo Cadillac on it, okay. And then I drive
```

1	around, the label falls off, and I find out that it's a Dodge,			
2	okay. And I try to return it and they say oh, I'm sorry, we			
3	gave you a Cadillac, and I will explain the analogy and how it			
4	has to do with appraisals.			
5	THE COURT: Mr. Tobias			
6	MR. TOBIAS: Yes.			
7	THE COURT: spare me. GMAC didn't sell you were a			
8	Cadillac, a Dodge, or anything else. They didn't sell you a			
9	house. A seller sold you a house. You negotiated at arm's			
10	length to buy the house. You negotiated a price, you applied			
11	for a mortgage			
12	MR. TOBIAS: Yes.			
13	THE COURT: you got the mortgage on two different			
14	properties.			
15	MR. TOBIAS: I did.			
16	THE COURT: Yousay you overpaid for the properties. I			
17	understand your argument. The matter is taken under			
18	submission.			
19	MR. TOBIAS: Okay. I would also like to say one thing			
20	just for purposes of failure to state a claim purposes. There			
21	was a matter under Ashcroft v. Iqbal. Basically, the remedy			
22	for failure to state a claim is to be able to submit an amended			
23	complaint.			
24	THE COURT: If I thought you had a plausible claim,			

Mr. Tobias, I would let you amend. You do not state a

```
plausible claim.
 1
 2
            MR. TOBIAS: Um-hum.
            THE COURT: Your basic theory, which was rejected in
 3
 4
    connection with the initial property that came before me, is
    that you were duped into overpaying for a house because GMAC
 5
 6
    was prepared to give you a bigger mortgage than they should
 7
    have.
            MR. TOBIAS: Yeah.
 8
            THE COURT: And that's not plausible; that's as simple
 9
10
    as that.
11
            MR. TOBIAS: Well, I --
12
            THE COURT: Okay, the matter -- no, stop. Stop.
13
            MR. TOBIAS: Yes, Your Honor.
            THE COURT: The matter is under submission.
14
15
            MR. TOBIAS: Yes, Your Honor.
            THE COURT: Mr. Rosenbaum, is there anything else on
16
17
    the docket?
18
            MR. ROSENBAUM: That concludes our cases, Your Honor.
19
            THE COURT: We're going to take a ten-minute recess.
20
    I know we're running late. We're going to take a ten-minute
21
    recess. We got a RFC in ResCap Liquidation Trust adversary
22
    proceedings on for calendar -- on the calendar. My courtroom
23
    deputy needs to call into CourtCall to make more appearances on
24
    the phone.
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MR. ROSENBAUM: I'm sorry, Your Honor.

```
THE COURT: Mr. Rosenbaum?
 1
 2
            MR. ROSENBAUM: We would request that Your Honor grant
 3
    the balance on these sixty-nine forparties that didn't file.
            THE COURT: It is; it is granted.
 4
 5
            MR. ROSENBAUM: Thank you.
 6
            THE COURT: The balance of it is granted. All right.
 7
    We're taking a ten-minute recess.
 8
         (Recess at 11:42 a.m.)
 9
         (End of requested proceedings)
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